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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/782,608	02/14/2001	Milton Smith	0879-0299P	9767
2292	7590 03/24/2004		EXAMINER	
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH			BAYERL, RAYMOND J	
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHUR	CH, VA 22040-0747	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2173	11
			DATE MAILED: 03/24/2004	, 9

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			224
,,	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/782,608	SMITH, MILTON	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Raymond J. Bayerl	2173	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rareply within the statutory minimum of thirt riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ 1	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	•	•	1
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1 - 14 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1 - 14 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 June 2001</u> is/are	•	•	
Applicant may not request that any objection to	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, ,	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	·	, , , ,	1).
	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action of form F10-132.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			•
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in A priority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)		(770.440)	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s	tummary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date Iformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

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- 1. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the claimed invention is directed only to a "computer program", while the abstract indicates that the invention is also a "system, article of manufacture, operator-system interface and propagated signal". Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).
- 2. The disclosure is also objected to because of the following informalities:

At page 2, in the brief description of the drawings, applicant indicates "Figure 6", "Figure 8" and "Figure 10", while the actual drawings contain figs 6A, 6B; 8A, 8B; 10A, 10B, respectively.

At pages 19 – 20, please note that reference numerals "1106-1" – "1106-3" do not properly correspond to the figures—might applicant have intended "1108-1" – "1108-3" (see fig 11)?

Appropriate correction is required.

3. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

4. Claims 1 - 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

A "computer program" that comprises merely a number of specified "module" components is a computer program *per se*, in that it is not fixed to a tangible computer readable medium, computer hardware, etc. The four statutory classes of invention under 35 USC 101 do not provide for such a claim.

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Claim 13, in which "said computer program is embodied as an article of manufacture", does not properly restrict the "computer program" to a statutory "article of manufacture", despite the phrase being recited.

Claim 14, in which "said computer program is embodied as a propagated signal", also does not place the invention into the statutory classes. A "propagated signal", when this term is given a reasonably broad interpretation, is merely a conveyance afforded to pure information, as when the "computer program" is provided for use. A specific limitation to "process, machine, manufacture" is not given.

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Frey et al. ("Frey"; US #6,369,908 B1) and Yager et al. ("Yager"; US #5,983,236).

As per sole independent claim 1's use of "a processor for carrying out image processing" for the purpose of "outputting the image in at least one of" a "second plurality of different formats", please note that Frey's <u>PHOTO KIOSK</u> similarly discloses that a <u>cpu</u> is used to capture an <u>electronic image</u>, to which <u>the user can selectively add to the electronic image</u> and <u>save the electronic file on a removable electronic storage device</u> (Abstract). This <u>storage device</u>, as indicated at col 1, lines 60 – 64, can be <u>a computer diskette</u>, <u>CD</u>, tape or similar item. Responsive to a "user-generated service request" (see col 3, lines 19 – 42), the captured image is sent to the cpu (col 3, lines 43)

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- 67), which <u>displays the captured image onto the monitor 13, thereby allowing the user</u> to review the captured image. From the display format, Frey must convert to one of the disparate formats for the particular <u>storage device</u> that is selected.

Frey's **explicit** disclosure appears to be that of a single-source image acquisition arrangement, via a digitizing camera at the <u>KIOSK</u> location, and not one that uses "an input module for receiving images in a first plurality of different formats" for conversion to the "common format" of the monitor.

However, Yager, in <u>PROVIDING A MULTIMEDIA PRESENTATION</u>, works with <u>combinations of audio, video, still images, and text which are represented by binary data files</u> (Abstract). In so doing, <u>any of the various audio, video, **still image** and text data formats is supported. As described at col 3, lines 7 – 25, in building a <u>data file</u> from <u>component data</u>, a <u>file type identifier</u> is associated with the <u>synchronized</u> output (see also col 2, lines 42 – 65).</u>

Thus, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to develop a formatted output from a common, internal format for image processing, as per Frey, but while sourcing the image data from a variety of input formats as per Yager, for this expands the potential for a Frey user to develop a useful finished product, as with a <u>KIOSK</u> that supports a user interface.

As per claim 2, the Examiner notes that the "first conversion module" operates with "one of the first plurality of different formats", which in claim 2 are limited so as to "include" a list of industry-standard image storage formats. Yager reads upon a claim so constructed, by disclosing a decoder of still image data adapted for use with the GIF,

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TIF, or BMP formats, which could be substituted for the JPEG decoder of the present embodiment (col 7, lines 37 – 60).

Similarly, when claim 3 elaborates upon "at least one of a second plurality of different media", presenting a list of optional formats in so doing, it still reads upon the CD, floppy disks, and the like that are supported by Frey. A similar line of reasoning applies to claim 6.

As per claim 4, the "image processing performed by said processor that includes...", followed by a listing that includes "preview corrected images", on the basis of "at least one corresponding user-generated service request", can be reasonably interpreted to read upon the <u>cpu</u> in Frey, which <u>displays the photographic image with the superimposed banner on the monitor</u> (col 4, lines 23 – 32). This "service request", as seen in Frey, is "via a plurality of screen displays" on the <u>monitor</u> (claim 7), and may constitute at least "a new order" and an "image display" (claim 8). In Frey's operation, "images are stored by said computer program" locally, before their ultimate disposition (claim 11), and the composition thereby created, as also in the case of Yager's output, is "an order file" (claim 12).

Claim 5's "second plurality of different formats", of which an option is "JPG", is suggested by the file-assimilation of <u>JPEG still image data format</u> sources in Yager, should they be incorporated into the recorded output in combination with Frey.

As per the "network connected" "user" of claim 9, please note further that Frey specifically works with <u>electronic transmission</u>, such as over the Internet or other similar <u>network of computers</u> (col 1, lines 54 – 59). The <u>KIOSK</u> of Frey may be remotely

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accessed (col 6, lines 34 - 40). As further seen in Yager's use of a <u>remote digital</u> <u>computer system</u> that interacts with a <u>server</u> (col 2, lines 16 - 41), it can be seen that "image processing" functions were routinely performed over a "network" at the time of applicant's invention. A similar line of reasoning applies to the "remote terminal" of claim 10.

The Frey/Yager combination, in which disparately-sourced images are composited into an output having a specific format, requires that the "computer program" responsible will appear as "an article of manufacture" (claim 13), provided "as a propagated signal" (claim 14).

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The remaining US Patent documents made of record (see attached form PTO-892) relate to the handling and output direction of acquired images.

- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raymond J. Bayerl whose telephone number is (703) 305-9789. The examiner can normally be reached on M F from 10:00 AM to 5:00 PM.
- 9. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca, can be reached on (703) 308-3116. All patent application related correspondence transmitted by FAX **must be directed** to the central FAX number (703) 872-9306.

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10. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

RAYMOND J. BAYER! RIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 2173

11 March 2004